Independent Auditor's Report and Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2020 and 2019



December 31, 2020 and 2019

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### Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors The REACH Healthcare Foundation Overland Park, Kansas

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of The REACH Healthcare Foundation, which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the related consolidated statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Board of Directors The REACH Healthcare Foundation Page 2

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The REACH Healthcare Foundation as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

BKD,LLP

Kansas City, Missouri July 7, 2021

### Consolidated Statements of Financial Position December 31, 2020 and 2019

### Assets

	2020	2019
Cash	\$ 100,668	\$ 114,493
Prepaid expenses and other assets	17,636	27,136
Investments	141,653,507	136,013,926
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation;		
2020 - \$148,007, 2019 - \$524,946	1,111,051	1,218,778
Total assets	\$ 142,882,862	\$ 137,374,333
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 115,456	\$ 459,266
Grants payable	2,582,371	2,827,416
Total liabilities	2,697,827	3,286,682
Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions	140,185,035	134,087,651
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 142,882,862	\$ 137,374,333

### Consolidated Statements of Activities Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Revenues and Gains Investment return Other income	\$ 13,079,072 160,455	\$ 18,429,294 -
Total revenues and gains	13,239,527	18,429,294
Expenses Grants and program Management and general	6,294,471 847,672	5,652,048 720,987
Total expenses	7,142,143	6,373,035
Change in Net Assets	6,097,384	12,056,259
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	134,087,651	122,031,392
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 140,185,035	\$ 134,087,651

# The REACH Healthcare Foundation Consolidated Statement of Functional Expenses Year Ended December 31, 2020

	-	Frants and Program	nagement d General	E	Total Expenses
Grants	\$	5,032,675	\$ -	\$	5,032,675
Salaries and related expenses		852,654	434,328		1,286,982
Professional fees		116,890	75,864		192,754
Advertising and promotion		3,448	3,743		7,191
Office supplies and expense		36,923	30,294		67,217
Information technology		36,130	26,782		62,912
Occupancy		112,838	144,995		257,833
Travel		1,259	1,021		2,280
Conferences, conventions and meetings		20,048	3,443		23,491
Depreciation		69,510	68,908		138,418
Insurance		-	22,076		22,076
Equipment leasing and expense		5,407	11,679		17,086
Membership dues		18,065	1,764		19,829
Staff development		2,597	6,898		9,495
Grant refunds and adjustments		(16,000)	-		(16,000)
Other		2,027	 15,877		17,904
	\$	6,294,471	\$ 847,672	\$	7,142,143

# The REACH Healthcare Foundation Consolidated Statement of Functional Expenses Year Ended December 31, 2019

	irants and Program	nagement I General	E	Total Expenses
Grants	\$ 4,396,093	\$ -	\$	4,396,093
Salaries and related expenses	827,786	400,206		1,227,992
Professional fees	171,047	62,241		233,288
Advertising and promotion	12,109	4,019		16,128
Office supplies and expense	43,796	21,651		65,447
Information technology	44,582	20,942		65,524
Occupancy	47,083	114,698		161,781
Travel	26,801	20,185		46,986
Conferences, conventions and meetings	54,302	8,691		62,993
Depreciation	2,469	5,698		8,167
Insurance	-	21,079		21,079
Equipment leasing and expense	2,622	15,111		17,733
Membership dues	17,840	1,112		18,952
Staff development	6,281	4,647		10,928
Grant refunds and adjustments	(3,051)	-		(3,051)
Other	 2,288	 20,707		22,995
	\$ 5,652,048	\$ 720,987	\$	6,373,035

# **Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Operating Activities		
Change in net assets	\$ 6,097,384	\$ 12,056,259
Items not requiring (providing) operating activities cash flows		
Depreciation	138,418	8,167
Net realized and unrealized gains on investments	(12,874,033)	(17,845,077)
Changes in		
Prepaid expenses and other assets	9,500	12,968
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(48,803)	15,145
Grants payable	(245,045)	(52,356)
Net cash used in operating activities	(6,922,579)	(5,804,894)
Investing Activities		
Purchase of property and equipment	(325,698)	(896,907)
Proceeds from disposition of investments	17,980,356	22,336,946
Purchase of investments	(11,315,897)	(15,623,277)
Distribution from equity method investment	569,993	
Net cash provided by investing activities	6,908,754	5,816,762
Increase (Decrease) in Cash	(13,825)	11,868
Cash, Beginning of Year	114,493	102,625
Cash, End of Year	\$ 100,668	\$ 114,493
Supplemental Cash Flows Information Property and equipment in accrued expenses	\$ -	\$ 295,007

### Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Nature of Operations

The REACH Healthcare Foundation was created as a Kansas not-for-profit foundation in August 2003, pursuant to an agreement (Memorandum of Understanding) between Health Midwest and the Kansas Attorney General, in connection with the sale of assets by Health Midwest to HCA, Inc. (HCA). Health Midwest, a Missouri public benefit corporation, operated various not-for-profit hospitals and other health care facilities in Kansas and Missouri which were among the assets sold to HCA, a for-profit company. The Settlement Agreement provided that two foundations would be established and that the net proceeds of the sale, as defined, would be distributed 80 percent to the Missouri foundation (Health Forward Foundation), and 20 percent to the Kansas Foundation (REACH or the Foundation). Community Health Group (CHG), successor to Health Midwest, made distributions to the two foundations pursuant to the Settlement Agreement.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements for the fiscal years 2020 and 2019 include the accounts of the Foundation and REACH Real Estate Holdings, LLC, a non-profit corporation controlled by the Foundation (hereinafter collectively known as the Foundation). All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated upon consolidation.

The Foundation's stated purpose is to fund, conduct or take part in programs to improve, protect and/or restore individual, community and public health within specified communities in Eastern Kansas and the Greater Kansas City metropolitan area, with particular emphasis on individuals who are medically indigent or underserved.

The initial board of directors was appointed by Health Midwest, various elected officials and governing bodies in the Kansas state government and specified county governments. Subsequent board members are nominated by a Community Advisory Committee (CAC), and elected by the Foundation's board of directors. CAC members are appointed by governing bodies in the Kansas state government and specified county governments.

### Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, gains, losses and other changes in net assets during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Cash

The Foundation maintains its bank accounts at an institution where accounts up to \$250,000 are insured by the FDIC. At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Foundation had no cash balances in excess of this limit. Uninvested cash included in investment accounts are considered to be investments for reporting purposes.

#### Investments and Net Investment Return

Investments in debt securities and in equity securities having a readily determinable fair value are carried at fair value. Marketable securities held by a custodian are valued by the custodian based on quoted market prices.

Alternative investments are valued using the most recent valuation available by the respective external fund manager. Valuation of investments in alternative investments, such as common trust funds, marketable partnership interests and private equity funds, is estimated based on valuations provided by external investment managers as of the prior quarter, adjusted for cash receipts and disbursements through December 31. The Foundation compares this carrying value, which is based on net asset value per share or its equivalent as a practical expedient, to the December 31 audited financial statements provided by the respective Fund's external auditors and believes the carrying value of these financial instruments is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

The Foundation owns a non-controlling interest in a for-profit real estate limited liability company that invests in an office building. The interest is nontransferable and may not be redeemed unless there is unanimous consent of all member interests. The Foundation accounts for its investment in the company using the equity method of accounting.

Investment return includes dividend, interest and other investment income; realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments carried at fair value; and unrealized gains and losses on equity method investments, less external investment expenses.

Investment securities, in general, are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, credit and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such change could materially affect the amounts reported in the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position.

#### **Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is charged to expense using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each asset. Assets classified as leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term or their respective estimated useful lives.

#### **Net Assets**

Net assets, revenues, gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor- or grantor-imposed restrictions. Net assets without donor restrictions are board-restricted endowment funds that are available for use in general operations and not subject to donor restrictions.

#### Other Income

Other income consists of support funded by government grants. Revenue is recognized as the Foundation meets the conditions prescribed by the grant agreement. Grant activities and outlays are subject to audit and acceptance by the granting agency and, as a result of such audit, adjustments could be required.

#### Grants

Grant expenses are recorded when approved. Grants authorized and unpaid at year end are reported as liabilities in the consolidated statements of financial position. Grants payable at December 31, 2020 and 2019 were \$2,582,371 and \$2,827,416, respectively, and were expected to be paid within two years.

#### Income Taxes

The Foundation has been determined to be a public charity and is exempt from income taxes under Section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code and similar provisions of state law. However, the Foundation is subject to federal income tax on any unrelated business taxable income. The Foundation files tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction.

#### Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of supporting the Foundation's programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the consolidated statements of activities. The consolidated statements of functional expenses present the natural classification detail of expenses by function. Certain costs have been allocated among the grants and program and management and general categories based on management's estimate of usage.

#### Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through July 7, 2021, which is the date the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued.

### Note 2: Investments

Investments at December 31 consisted of the following:

	2020	2019
Investments in marketable securities at fair value		
Money market funds	\$ 3,075,490	\$ 2,164,907
Common stocks	19,875	15,000
Mutual funds	39,567,216	39,641,556
Total investments at fair value	42,662,581	41,821,463
Investments at net asset value		
Common trust funds	53,561,696	48,078,720
Marketable partnership interests	15,154,304	11,696,742
Marketable alternative investments	12,818,027	19,406,703
Private equity funds	16,280,553	13,510,394
Total investments at net asset value	97,814,580	92,692,559
Investments at equity method		
Partnership interests	1,176,346	1,499,904
	\$ 141,653,507	\$ 136,013,926

#### Investments at Fair Value

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The hierarchy comprises three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

The following table presents the fair value measurements of investments recognized in the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at December 31, 2020 and 2019:

		Fair Value Measurements Using			
	Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
December 31, 2020 Money market funds Common stocks Mutual funds	\$ 3,075,490 19,875 39,567,216	\$ 3,075,490 19,875 39,567,216	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	
Total	\$ 42,662,581	\$ 42,662,581	\$ -	\$ -	
December 31, 2019 Money market funds Common stocks Mutual funds	\$ 2,164,907 15,000 39,641,556	\$ 2,164,907 15,000 39,641,556	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	
Total	\$ 41,821,463	\$ 41,821,463	\$ -	\$ -	

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy.

#### Investments at Net Asset Value (NAV)

At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Foundation held the following investments in certain entities that calculate net asset value per share or its equivalent as a practical expedient.

	2020 NAV	2019 NAV	Restrictions of Redemption	Redemption Notice Period
Common trust funds (A)	\$ 53,561,696	\$ 48,078,720	Daily or month-end redemption	Daily or 30 days
Marketable partnership interests (B)	15,154,304	11,696,742	Monthly or quarterly redemption	10 to 180 days notice
Marketable alternative investments (C)	12,818,027	19,406,703	Daily, monthly and limited quarterly redemption	Daily to 95 days
Private equity funds (D)	16,280,553	13,510,394	Nonredeemable	None
	\$ 97,814,580	\$ 92,692,559		

#### (A) Common Trust Funds

Common trust funds permit the commingling or pooling of investors' money into one account (known as a common fund) for the purpose of creating a single investment. Because they are a bank product, common trust funds are not required to be registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and they are not considered to be a security under state and federal securities laws. Much like mutual funds, common trust funds strike a net asset value on a periodic basis and have varying investment strategies that primarily include investments in traditional assets such as domestic and international equity, fixed income securities and other securities. The Foundation's investments in common trust funds may be redeemed at net asset value on a daily or monthly basis, depending on the fund.

#### (B) Marketable Partnership Interests

Marketable partnership interests include investments in limited partnerships that seek capital appreciation and income by managing assets in investment pools, investment partnerships and similar entities (*i.e.*, a fund of funds). Fair value has been estimated using the net asset value per share of the investments. The marketable partnership interests are available for redemption on a monthly or quarterly basis.

#### (C) Marketable Alternative Investments

Marketable alternative investments include investments in limited partnerships that seek capital appreciation and income by managing assets in investment pools, investment partnerships and similar entities (*i.e.*, fund of funds). Fair value has been estimated using the net asset value per share of the investments. The marketable alternative investments are available for redemption on a daily, monthly or quarterly basis depending on the Fund.

#### (D) Private Equity Funds

Private equity funds include several private fund of funds that invest primarily in private capital investment vehicles, each of which may invest in public or private securities. Fair value has been estimated using the net asset value per share of the investment. Each fund operates in accordance with the terms of a limited partnership agreement and continues to operate year to year, unless dissolved in accordance with the agreements. There are significant restrictions on transfer and assignment of these limited partnership interests. The nature of the investments in this category is that distributions are received periodically when the fund incurs short- or long-term gains, return of capital, royalties, rents or other ordinary income. Outstanding unfunded commitments to these partnerships as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 were \$8,182,051 and \$8,846,696, respectively.

#### Investments at Equity Method

The Foundation has a 33.53 percent ownership percentage in a partnership interest that is accounted for using the equity method of accounting. The partnership interest represents an investment in a corporate building which the main financial statement components include the property and equipment, loan payable and rental income. Changes in the interest are included in the change in net assets. Transfers of assets between the Foundation and the partnership are recognized as increases or decreases in the interest in the net assets of the Foundation with corresponding decreases or increases in the assets transferred and have no effect on the change in net assets. The Foundation's interest in the investment as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 was \$1,176,346 and \$1,499,904, respectively.

### Note 3: Endowment

As discussed in *Note 1*, the Foundation operates pursuant to a settlement agreement governing the spending of the distributions received toward its formation. The Foundation's governing body is subject to the *Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act* (UPMIFA) as adopted in the State of Kansas applies to the Foundation, and in accordance with UPMIFA, the Foundation considers the following factors in determining whether to expend or accumulate endowment funds:

- 1. Duration and preservation of the fund
- 2. Purpose of the Foundation and the fund
- 3. General economic conditions
- 4. Possible effect of inflation and deflation
- 5. Expected total return from investment income and appreciation or depreciation of investments
- 6. Other resources of the Foundation
- 7. Investment policies of the Foundation

The Asset Purchase Agreement (APA), as amended, provides that funds may be expended on grants in any fiscal year of the Foundation no more than the greater of (i) the net appreciation, realized and unrealized, in the fair market value of the Foundation's assets over the historic dollar value of such assets, calculated in accordance with the Uniform Management of Institutional Funds Act (UMIFA) in effect in Kansas on the effective date of the APA, or (ii) an amount equal to 7 percent of the fair market value of the Foundation's assets, plus such additional expenditures, if any, that are required by the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code") (including, without limitation, under the minimum distribution requirements of Section 4942 of the Code), regardless of whether it is a "private foundation" within the meaning of Section 509 of the Code or a "public charity." For purposes of section (ii) above, the "fair market value of the Foundation's assets" for any given year shall be established as of the end of the third quarter of the immediately preceding fiscal year of the Foundation (the "FMV Quarter"), and shall be determined by calculating the average of the market value of the Foundation's assets as of the FMV Quarter and each of the 11 consecutive quarters immediately preceding it. The Foundation's board has resolved that the historic dollar value of distributions received from CHG to be \$117,252,319 as of December 31, 2020 and 2019. From time to time, the fair value of the fund's assets may fall below the historic dollar value threshold.

The Foundation has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs and other items supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment. Under the Foundation's policies, endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce results to earn an average annual inflation-adjusted (real) total return of at least 5 percent, net of all investment-related expenses, over the long term (rolling 10 and 15-year periods). Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount.

To satisfy its long-term rate of return objectives, the Foundation relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both current yield (investment income such as dividends and interest) and capital appreciation (both realized and unrealized). The Foundation targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.

The Foundation has a policy (the spending policy) of appropriating for expenditure each year 5 percent of its endowment fund's average fair value over the prior three years, as determined at the end of each quarter. The fund's actual spending rate is expected to vary annually around the 5 percent target rate, depending upon program needs and changes in the fund's average market value. The Foundation attempts to keep the actual spending rate from the fund in any one fiscal year below 6 percent of the three year average of ending market values of the fund. In establishing this policy, the Foundation considered the long-term expected return on its investments. Accordingly, over the long term, the Foundation expects the current spending policy to preserve, and possibly enhance the value of the corpus adjusted for the effects of inflation. This is consistent with the Foundation's objective to balance the needs of current and future generations of beneficiaries of the Foundation.

### Note 4: Liquidity and Availability

Financial assets available for general expenditures, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of December 31, 2020 and 2019, comprise the following:

	2020	2019
Cash Endowment spending appropriations approved by the	\$ 100,668	\$ 114,493
Board of Directors	6,243,000	6,493,000
	\$ 6,343,668	\$ 6,607,493

The Foundation's endowment funds consist of funds that were derived from the APA. Income from these funds is to be used to meet the mission of the Foundation. It is the Foundation's policy to appropriate for annual expenditure approximately 5 percent of its endowment fund's average fair value over the prior three years, as determined at the end of each quarter. The fund's actual spending rate is expected to vary annually around the 5 percent target rate, depending upon program needs and changes in the fund's average market value.

As part of the Foundation's liquidity management plan, management reviews cash and investment balances regularly and compares these to the monthly requirements.

### Note 5: Property and Equipment

Property and equipment at December 31, 2020 and 2019 consist of:

	2020	2019
Leasehold improvements	\$ 832,858	\$ 941,875
Computer and office equpiment	203,631	430,784
Office furniture	222,569	371,065
	1,259,058	1,743,724
Less accumulated depreciation	148,007	524,946
	\$ 1,111,051	\$ 1,218,778

### Note 6: Operating Leases

A noncancellable operating lease for office space expires in 2031. Future minimum lease payments at December 31, 2020, were:

2021	\$ 149,824
2022	152,518
2023	155,282
2024	158,086
2025	160,920
Thereafter	 1,028,104
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 1,804,734

Rental expense was \$257,833 and \$161,781 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

### Note 7: Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans

The Foundation sponsors a retirement savings plan for employees who meet certain length of service requirements. The Foundation matches 100 percent of the employee contributions up to 6 percent of the employee compensation. The Foundation may also make annual discretionary contributions. The Foundation contributed \$84,601 and \$81,816 to the Plan for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The Foundation also adopted a 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan effective April 2008 for the benefit of selected management or highly compensated key employees. Under the Plan, participating employees may defer and contribute to the Plan a percentage of their compensation

subject to Internal Revenue Code limits. The Foundation may, at its discretion, make matching or additional non-elective contributions to the Plan on behalf of each eligible participant. Participants are fully vested in the Foundation contributions at age 65. Participants also vest in Foundation contributions at a rate of 20 percent after two years of service and then an additional 20 percent each year thereafter, until fully vested after six years. Total expense under the Plan was \$19,500 and \$19,000 during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

#### Note 8: Line of Credit

In October 2020, the Foundation entered into a \$5,000,000 revolving line of credit that expires in October 2021. The line is collateralized by approximately \$10,000,000 of pledged investments. Interest varies at a rate equal to 2 percent plus the one-month LIBOR rate, which was 2.15 percent at December 31, 2020, and is payable monthly. At December 31, 2020, there was no amounts borrowed against this line.

### Note 9: Future Change in Accounting Principle

#### Accounting for Leases

The Financial Accounting Standards Board amended its standard related to the accounting for leases. Under the new standard, lessees will now be required to recognize substantially all leases on the statements of financial position as both a right-of-use asset and a liability. The standard has two types of leases for statements of activities recognition purposes: operating leases and finance leases. Operating leases will result in the recognition of a single lease expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term similar to the treatment for operating leases under existing standards. Finance leases will result in an accelerated expense similar to the accounting for capital leases under existing standards. The determination of lease classification as operating or finance will be done in a manner similar to existing standards. The new standard also contains amended guidance regarding the identification of embedded leases in service contracts and the identification of lease and nonlease components in an arrangement. The new standard is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2021, and any interim periods within annual reporting periods that begin after December 15, 2022. The Foundation is evaluating the effect the standard will have on the consolidated financial statements; however, the standard is expected to have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements due to the recognition of additional assets and liabilities for operating leases.